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Art in every year will consist of; a unit based on line, a unit based on colour and a unit linked to either 3D form or texture/pattern.
A range of works by artists/ designers and architects will be analysed, both as part of an art 'unit of work' but also in morning starters. Teachers will plan their own units of work based on this skills progression sheet.

| Topics | Brilliant Bristol, Awesome Ancestors, Ancient Egypt | Ancient Influences, Earth Explorers, Our World Our Future | Invaders, Explorers, Rainforests | America, WW2, The Maya |
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| Artists, architects, designers and artistic movements <br> EMOUSARTISTIS | Colour: Hundertwasser, Kandinsky. <br> Pattern: Banksy, street art Topic link- Bristol- Brunel, <br> Line: Klimt | Line: Self-Portraits, Pointillism- Seurat, Van Gogh <br> Colour: Andy Goldsworthy, Arcimboldo, O'Keefe <br> Shape, form and space: building of the world e.g Norman Foster- The Gerkin, Renzo Piano- The Shard | Line: Still Life paintingsCezanne, Van Gogh etc <br> Colour: St Ives school, portrayals of the sea in art. <br> Pattern: Warhol, Roy Lichtenstein, Chris Ofili, Chuck Close | Shape, form and space: Henry Moore <br> Line: Portraits e.g Frida Kahlo <br> Colour: Maya mask making |
| Cross curricular links | Topic link Bristol: Local artists or United Kingdom e.g-Charles Rennie Mackintosh | Science/ Topic link- World's tallest buildings -Skyscrapers. Topic link- Roman mosaics. | Science link- sustainability, eco building, <br> Topic link- RainforestsArchitecture working with environment [e.g Gaudi, Ken Yeang, Anish Kapoor, Zaha Hadid] | Topic link- American Frank Lloyd-Wright <br> Topic link: Maya art |
| Media | Watercolours, pencils, oil pastels, poster paint, charcoal | Watercolours, pencils, oil pastels, clay | Watercolours, pencils, oil pastels, charcoal, chalk pastels, collage | Watercolours, pencils, oil pastels, clay, collage |

HJS Curriculum Skills Progression - Art and Design

| Line |  | Use a variety of pencil grades. Make drawings using black, white and grey to create a range of tones. <br> Create texture with a range of drawing media; charcoal, pencil, oil pastel, pens. | Use planning lines that can be rubbed out later. Draw a range of faces in lots of ways. Work on simple face proportions. | Sketch 3D objects thinking about shading and shape. Use $\mathbf{2 D}$ shapes to create an effect of 3D- e.g. ellipses. Use different techniques for different purposes e.g cross hatching, shading. | Create different tones using graphite pencils Use line to create a 3D shape. Revise face proportions. |
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|  |  | Use sketch books to collect and record visual information from different sources. Analyse the shapes that can be seen in something the children the children are observing. Copy artists work. | Use sketch books to make copies of drawings of faces and figures from a range of artists' works. <br> Draw animals using proportion. Begin to show an awareness of 3D. <br> Draw for a sustained period of time at a certain level. | Use a sketchbook to develop ideas. <br> Draw groups of objects from different angles. <br> Discuss how artists use composition for effect. Use artists to influence own pictures. | Use sketchbook to collect a variety of sources to influence own pictures. <br> Create mood by strong contrast. <br> Look at composition, scale and proportion. <br> Use shading to create 3D effect. Introduce perspective. |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 능 } \\ & \frac{0}{0} \end{aligned}$ | Colour mixing- primary, secondary colours Tints/ Shades Colour wheel. | Recap colour wheel. Recap colour mixingsecondary, tertiary colours. Complementary colours Look at different artists' use of colour. | Recap- colour wheel- primary, secondary complementary and contrasting colours. Develop own use of colour. Mix and match colours to create atmosphere and light effects. | Create different tones using paint. <br> Use tone to influence own work. <br> Consider colour for different purposes. <br> Carry out preliminary studies using different media. <br> Develop further understanding of how artists have used colour. |
|  |  | Basic skills <br> How to use a paintbrush <br> Ways of applying colour- wash <br> Set out pallet <br> How to look after brushes, amount of paint. <br> Water colours | Different methods of application e.g pointillism Create texture. | Explore a range of painting effects- feathery, furry, shiny, and waxy. | Discuss the effect of texture in artists work. <br> Create a range of tonal paintings. |

HJS Curriculum Skills Progression - Art and Design

| Shape, form, space |  | Shape, model, form and construct from observation or imagination. <br> Teach techniques for making shapes in clay, wire or card (if 3D use the word form if 2D use the word shape). <br> Create surface patterns and textures. <br> Join clay accurately and construct a simple base. Teach clay techniques such as; thumb pots, coil pots, smoothing and stretching. <br> Use Roman pots to look at structure/ shape and form. |  | Plan a sculpture through drawing and other preparatory work. <br> Use recycled, natural and man-made materials to create sculptures. <br> Develop skills in clay inc slabs, coils, slips <br> Create intricate patterns and textures in malleable materials. <br> Look at sculptures that have been inspired by the human form. |
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| Texture and pattern | Create different effects in black and white. <br> Draw basic shapes from close examination <br> Explore tessellated shapes <br> Create repeated patterns <br> Print onto paper using <br> different shaped objects. <br> Use reflection, symmetry and tessellation <br> Create block printing by simplifying a sketch book idea. |  | Design patterns for a variety of needs. <br> Look at a range of natural and 'man made' patterns. <br> Use relief or impressed method Create prints with overlays. Work into prints with pens, paints. <br> Use a range of printing techniques. <br> Experiment with a range of collage techniques such as tearing, overlapping and layering to create images and represent textures. | Collage- add collage to a painted or drawn background Use a range of media to create collages. <br> Use different techniques, colours and textures etc when designing and making pieces of work. <br> Use collage as a means of extending work from, initial ideas. |

HJS Curriculum Skills Progression - Art and Design

| Use of Vocabulary | Washes <br> Textures <br> Tints <br> Shades <br> Overlays <br> Reflection <br> Symmetry <br> Tessellation <br> Wash <br> Pallet <br> Primary, secondary colours <br> Sketch books <br> Tone <br> Media | Pointillism <br> Mosaic <br> Stencils <br> Structure, shape, form <br> Coil pots <br> Thumb pots <br> Smoothing, stretching <br> Secondary, tertiary colours <br> Shape <br> Form <br> Proportion <br> Planning lines <br> Complementary <br> Model, form and construct | Shape <br> Form <br> Relief <br> Impressed <br> Block prints, batik, wax resist. <br> 3d <br> 2D <br> Ellipses <br> Cross hatching <br> Shading <br> Composition <br> Contrasting colours <br> Atmosphere <br> Feathery, furry, shiny, and waxy. | Perspective <br> Foreground, <br> Background <br> Composition <br> Scale <br> Focal point <br> slabs, coils, slips <br> graphite <br> Tonal range <br> Proportion |
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## National Curriculum Key stage 2

Pupils should be taught to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design.

Pupils should be taught:

- to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas
- to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]
- about great artists, architects and designers in history.

